

Catching the Deliberative Wave

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First empirical, comparative study of representative deliberative processes for public decision making

- 289 examples from 1986 Oct 2019
- 18 OECD countries + international level
- All levels of government
- 12 models of deliberative processes
- 11 principles of good practice





Irish Citizens' Assembly

University - International Human Rights
Law and Fatal Foetal Abnormalities
speaking at the second meeting of the
Citizens' Assembly in January 2017.
Photo: Dara Mac Dónaill / The Irish Times



French Citizens' Convention on Climate



The 150 members of the Citizens' Convention. Photo: La Convention Citoyenne pour le climat

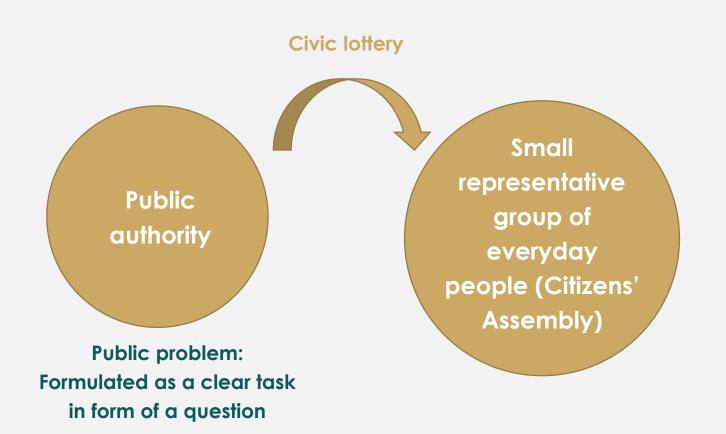






Public problem:
Formulated as a clear task
in form of a question

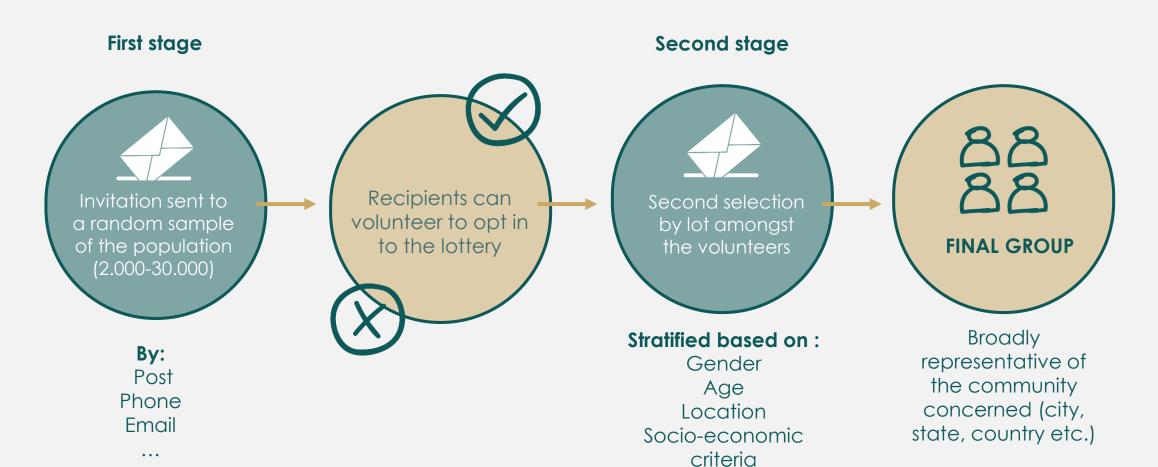




Civic lottery

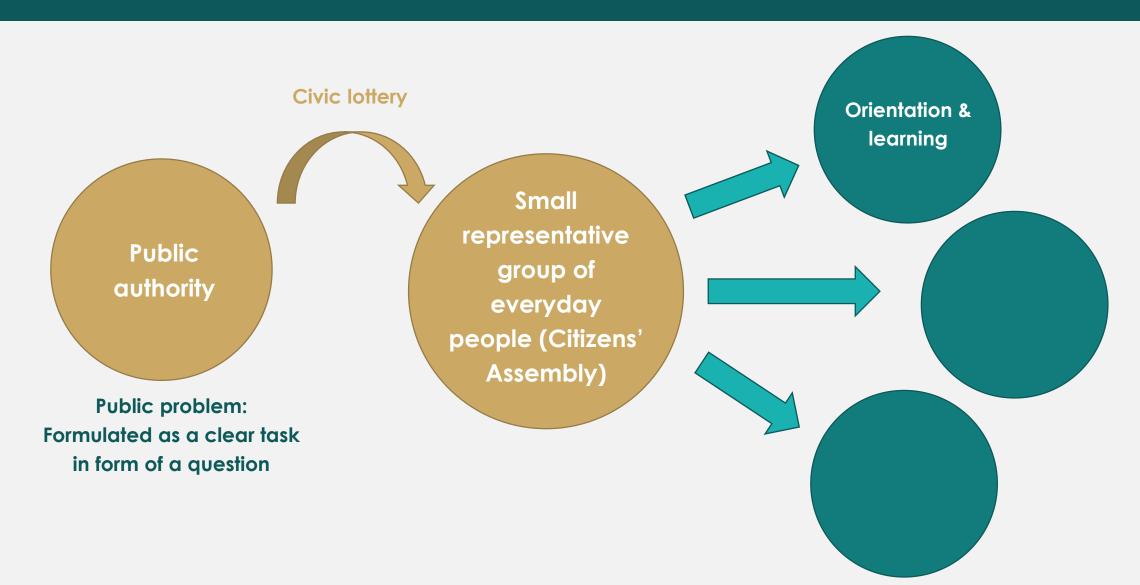
(Two-stage sortition process)



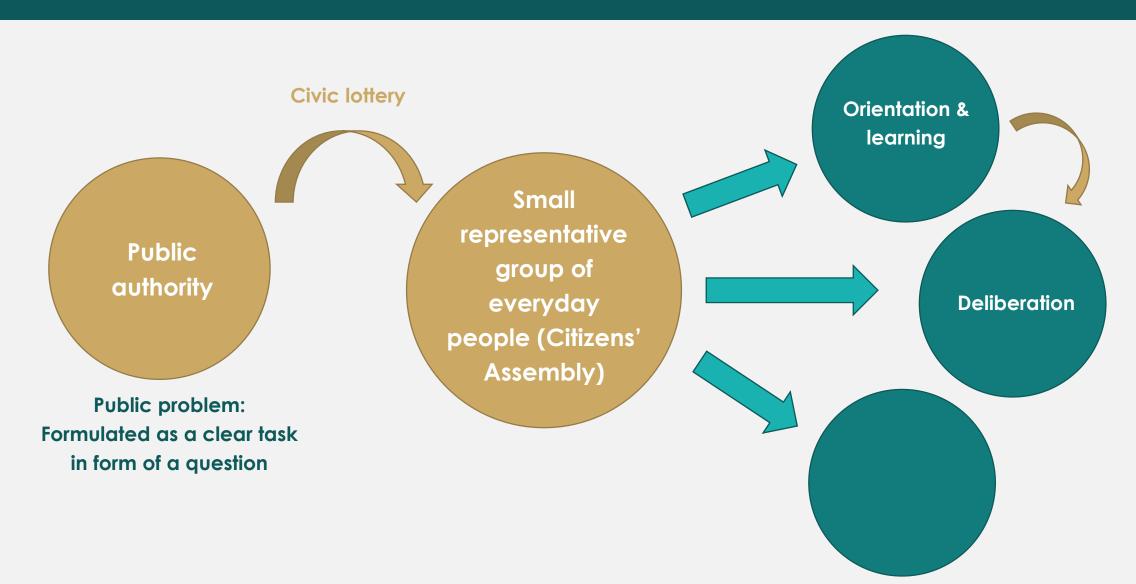


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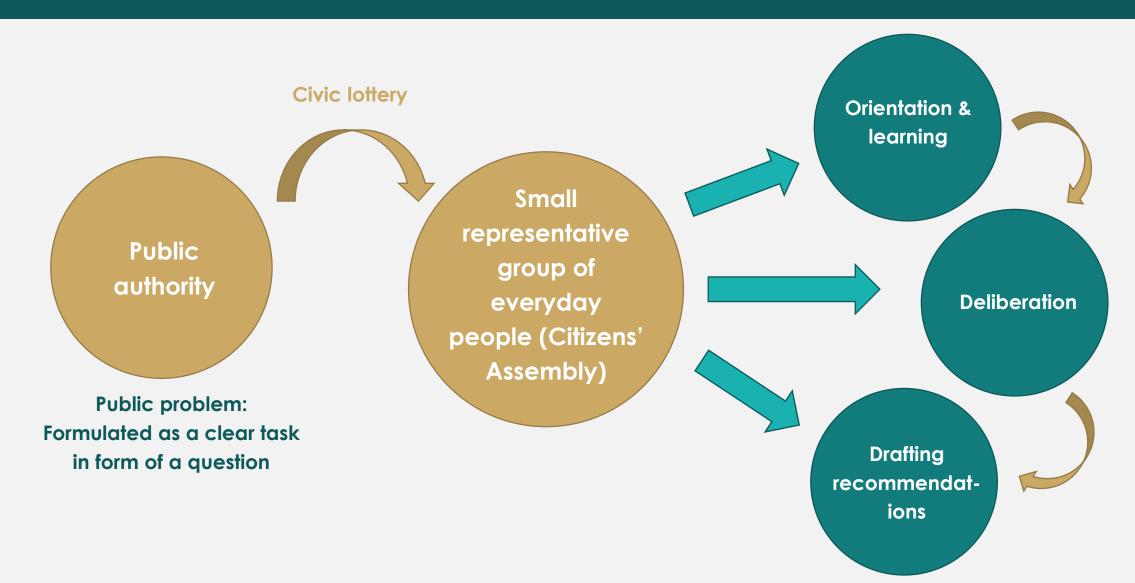




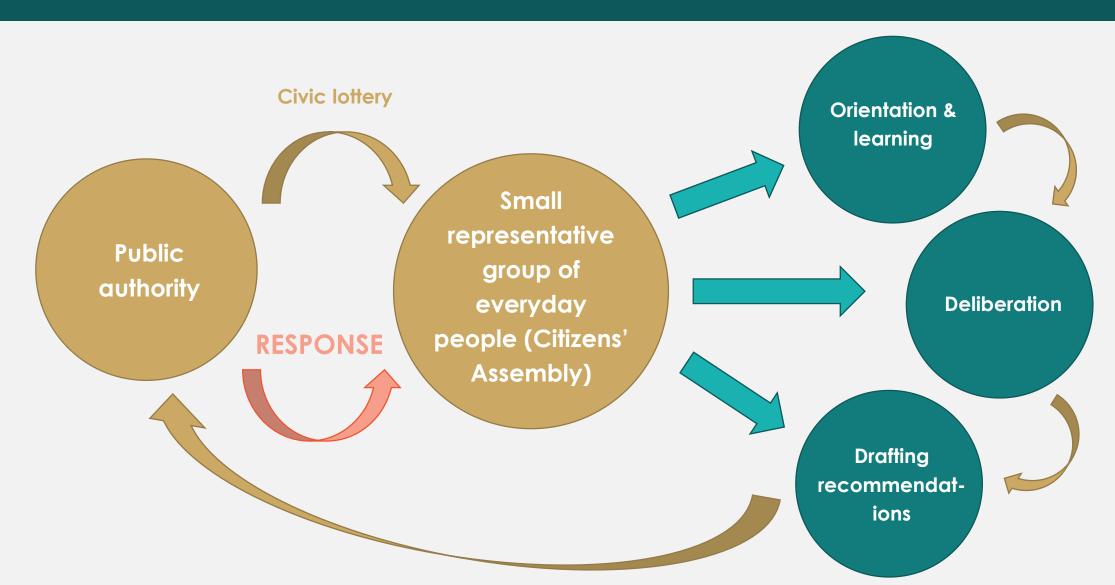








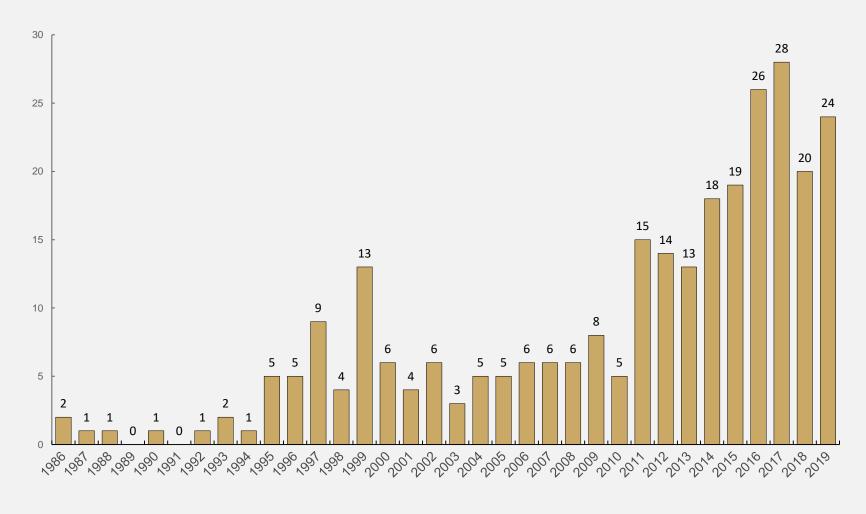






The "deliberative wave" has been building since the 1980s, gaining momentum since 2010

Number of representative deliberative processes per year, 1986 – October 2019



Notes: n=282; Data for OECD countries is based on 18 OECD countries that were members in 2019 plus the European Union. Processes that spanned over multiple years are noted by the year of their completion (except for permanent ongoing processes).

Source: OECD Database of Representative Deliberative Processes and Institutions (2020).



The deliberative wave in Finland

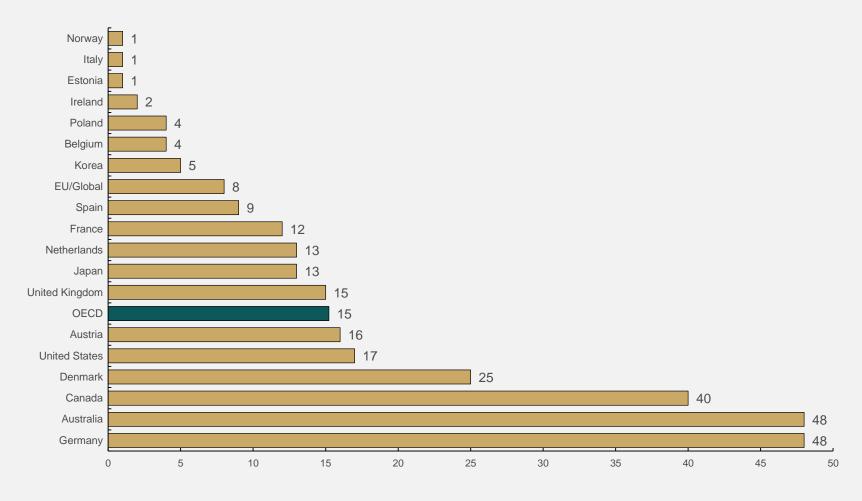
- Citizens' Jury on Finnish Democracy (2013)
- Citizens' Jury on Referendum Options in Korsholm (2019)
- Turku Deliberates Citizens' Panel on Transportation Planning (2020)
- Citizens' Panel on Freedom of Expression in Finland (2021)
- Citizens' Jury on Climate Actions in Finland (2021)



Where cases of representative deliberative processes were found

Number of representative deliberative processes per country, 1986-2019*

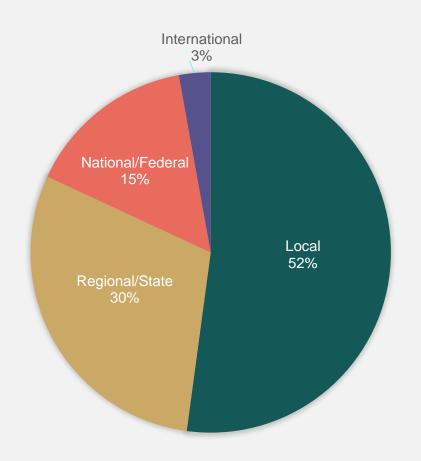
*This figure is not a ranking nor is it representative of all the cases in a country. It is a graphic representation of the number of cases that the OECD has collected.



Note: n=282. Data for OECD countries is based on 18 OECD countries that were members in 2019 plus the European Union

Source: OECD Database of Representative Deliberative Processes and Institutions (2020).





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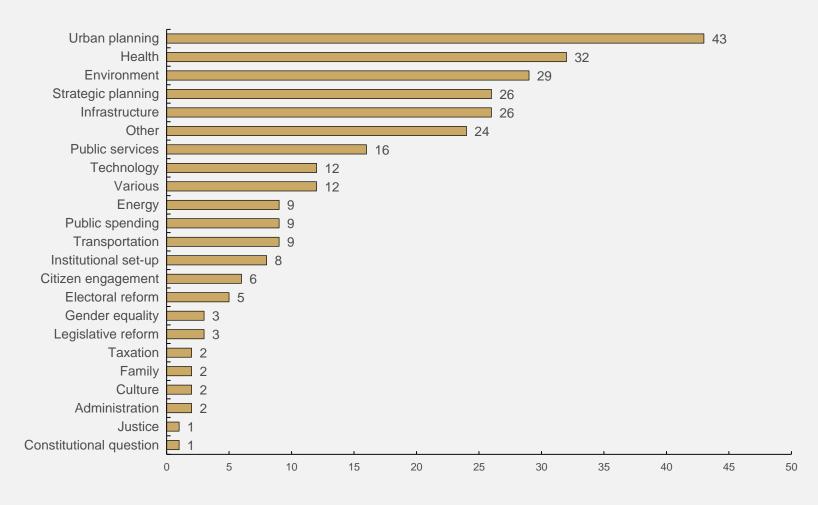
Source: OECD Database of Representative Deliberative Processes and Institutions (2020).

Representative deliberative processes have been used at all levels of government



Public authorities have commissioned representative deliberative processes for a wide range of policy issues

Number of times a policy issue has been addressed through a representative deliberative process



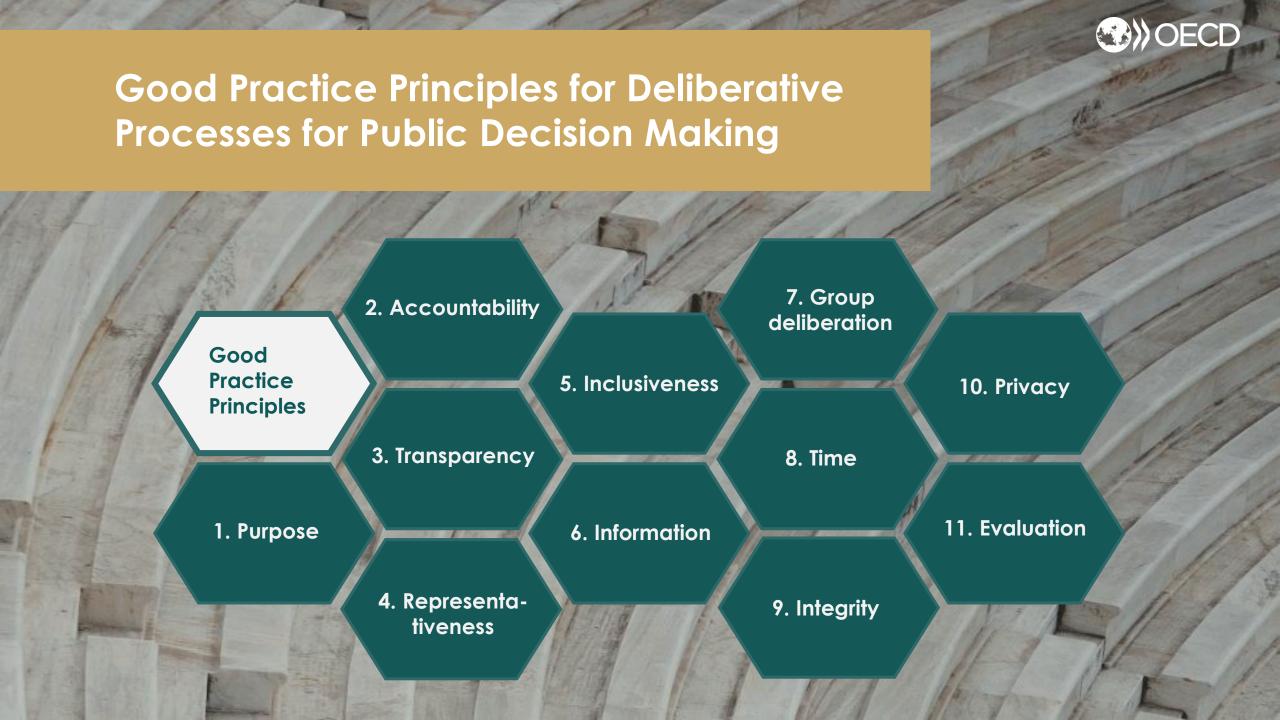
Notes: n=282; Other policy issues include: agriculture; constitutional questions; consumer protection; cooperative housing; culture; firework use; gambling regulations; gender equality; justice; legislative reform; migration; noise pollution; safety; socioeconomic development; science and research; sustainable development; taxation; water management; youth.

Source: OECD Database of Representative Deliberative Processes and Institutions (2020).



Types of problems that deliberative processes are well-suited to address:

- Values-based dilemmas
- Complex problems that require trade-offs
- Long-term questions







Evaluation Guidelines for Representative Deliberative Processes

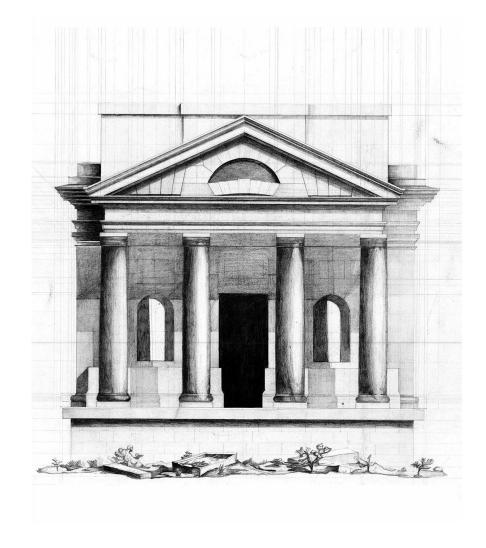


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OECD

- Build on the OECD Good Practice Principles
- Minimum evaluation standards
- Comparable data
- Increased uptake of evaluation activities
- Learning



Improving public decision-making processes and democratic institutions by adding public judgement in a structural way





Eight models of institutionalisation

Combining an ongoing Agenda-Setting Council and one-off Citizens'
 Panels

3. Combining deliberative and direct democracy

2. Connecting representative public deliberation to parliamentary committees

4. Standing
Citizens' Advisory
Panels

5. Sequenced representative deliberative processes throughout the policy cycle

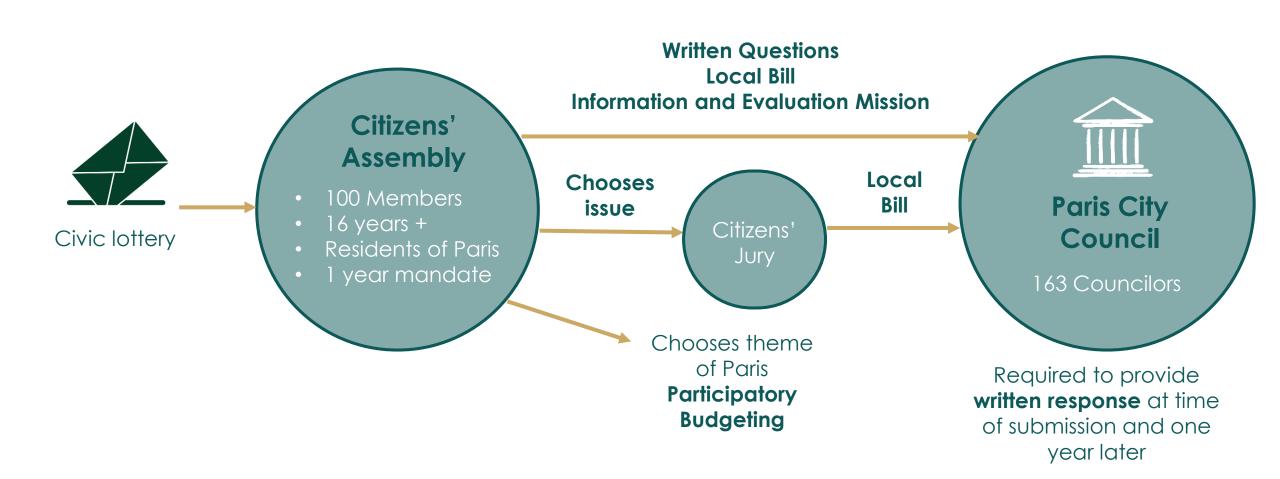
6. Requiring representative public deliberation before certain types of public decisions

7. Allowing people to demand a representative deliberative process

8. Embedding representative deliberative processes in local government

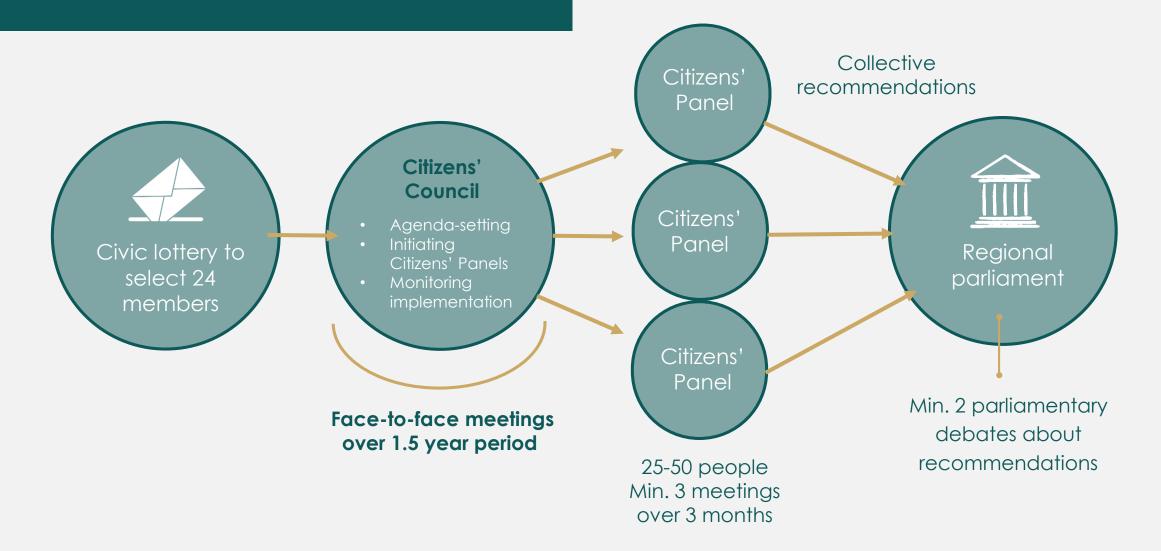


Paris Citizens' Assembly





Ostbelgien Model





Deliberative processes are not a silver bullet.

But evidence shows that, if designed well, they can bring public judgement to democracy, helping solve complex public problems and increase public trust.